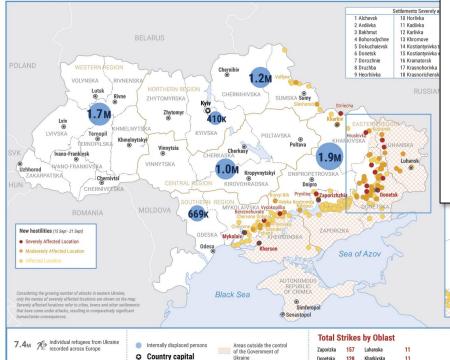
What scientists could do to stop the nonsensical war in Ukraine?

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7.0_M 3→ Internally displaced people



Macro - Region Boundary

Oblast/region capital

United Nations

A/RES/ES-11/1



General Assembly

Distr.: General 18 March 2022

Eleventh emergency special session Agenda item 5 Letter dated 28 February 2014 from the Permanent Representative of Ukraine to the United Nations addressed o the President of the Security Council (\$/2014/136)

Resolution adopted by the General Assembly on 2 March 2022

[without reference to a Main Committee (A/ES-11/L.1 and A/ES-11/L.1/Add.1)]

ES-11/1. Aggression against Ukraine

The General Assembly

Reaffirming the paramount importance of the Charter of the United Nations in the promotion of the rule of law among nations.

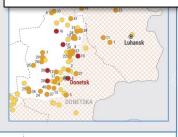
Recalling the obligation of all States under Article 2 of the Charter to refrain in their international relations from the threat or use of force against the territorial integrity or political independence of any State, or in any other manner inconsistent with the purposes of the United Nations, and to settle their international disputes by

Recalling also the obligation under Article 2 (2) of the Charter, that all Members, in order to ensure to all of them the rights and benefits resulting from membership, shall fulfil in good faith the obligations assumed by them in accordance

Taking note of Security Council resolution 2623 (2022) of 27 February 2022, in which the Council called for an emergency special session of the General Assembly to examine the question contained in document S/Agenda/8979,

Recalling General Assembly resolution 377 A (V) of 3 November 1950, entitled "Uniting for peace", and taking into account that the lack of unanimity of the permanent members of the Security Council at its 8979th meeting has prevented it from exercising its primary responsibility for the maintenance of international peace

Recalling also its resolution 2625 (XXV) of 24 October 1970, in which it approved the Declaration on Principles of International Law concerning Friendly Relations and Cooperation among States in accordance with the Charter of the United





he boundaries and names shown and the designations used do not imply official endorsement or acceptance by the United Nations.

Ukrainian Pacifist Movement

- Founded in 2019 at street protests against cruel conscription
- Works to uphold human right to refuse to kill, to stop bloodshed, and to build peace
- Maintains Peace Education project
- Advocates nonviolent conflict resolution, abolition of compulsory military service and other militarist policies
- Part of international peace movement
- In 2022, adopted the Peace Agenda for Ukraine and the World



War and prospects of peace

More than 5996 civilians killed in 2022, 3106 in 2014-2021 according to UN

- Russian offensive and Ukrainian counteroffensive continues in Eastern Ukraine
- Peace talks suspended; intention to fight for victory; human rights violations, war crimes and heavy losses on both sides
- Russia, Ukraine, U.S. and NATO countries are preparing for several years of war
- Nonviolence weaponized by both sides
- Absence of genuine peace movement and culture of nonviolence in Russia and Ukraine, fragile sprouts are attacked by the state and warmongering nationalists



Dynamics of the Russia-Ukraine conflict escalation*

1991-2003 phase of **friendship** (win-win)

1993 Massandra Accords;

2004-2013 phase of alienation (win-lose)

2009 Gazprom

cut gas supply

and European

to Ukraine

countries;

Agreement

Ukraine and

Russia on the

between

Black Sea

Fleet in

Ukraine;

2010

2014-ongoing phase of warfare (lose-lose)

1991 Belovezh Accords: 1993 Ukraine didn't signed the Charter of the Commonwealth of Independent States.

UN Security Council discusses Crimea, Russia agrees it belongs to Ukraine; 1994 local consultative referendums in Crimea and Donbass: 1997 Russian-Ukrainian Friendship Treaty; 2002 Year of Ukraine in Russia.

2003 President Kuchma's book "Ukraine is not Russia," Ukraine joins U.S.-led invasion of Iraq condemned by Russia, Tuzla Island incident. Ukraine-Russia border treaty, Russia stalls delimitation.

2004 Orange Revolution split *Ukraine, enemy images* of "pro-Western fascists" and "pro-Russian bandits" are created: 2005 announcement of Ukrainian course to NATO and protests of pro-Russian circles; 2007 Putin's Munich speech; 2008 NATO's **Bucharest summit** welcomed Ukrainian aspirations for membership.

Russian ministry of justice sued Ukrainian national autonomy to liquidate it.

2011 Eurasian **Customs Union** imposed duties on Ukrainian goods; 2012 law on language politics allows to use Russian in local self-government, Ukrainian and Russian right-wing tendencies prevailed at violent elections of 2012-2013 in Ukraine; in 2013: Russian customs blocked Ukrainian goods, EU-Ukraine association agreement was postponed leading to Euromaidan protests.

2014 violent seizure of power in Kyiv during the Ukrainian Revolution of Dignity, in Crimea and Donbass during the Russian Spring; EUmediated peaceful transfer of power to opposition failed, the protesters violated the agreement of settlement; language politics prohibitive to Russian prevailed in Ukraine.

Starting from 2014 war in Donbas. Minsk agreements, systemic violations of ceasefire by both sides, Minsk II approved by UN Security Council in 2015. trilateral contact group created; mutual blame in violations of Minsk II, eradication of pro-Russian camp in Ukraine and pro-Ukrainian, pro-Western opposition in Russia, including repressions against media, civil society, and public figures; 2018 Kerch Strait incident; 2021-2022 NATO/Ukraine and Russian military drills simulating nuclear warfare, intensification of the ceasefire violations.

24.02.2022 Russia declares "special military operation" and invades of Ukraine, Russian aggression condemned by UN General Assembly resolution, both sides refused to cease fire, ultimatums and intentions to fight for victory instead of peace talks; Ukraine refused to concede Crimea and Donbas as Russia demands; plans of war for years ahead announced; with economic rear of United States and EU on Ukrainian side, China and Eurasian Economic Union on Russian side. protracted war could continue for indefinite time; consequences for *Ukraine: tens thousands* of killed, millions of refugees, destruction; alobal consequences: risk of nuclear war, inflation, famine, decline of social and environmental welfare.

NINE STAGES OF

RUSSIA-UKRAINE CONFLICT ESCALATION

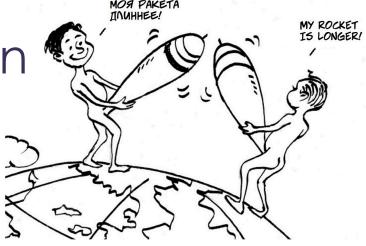
- 1. Hardening disagreements on collective security
- 2. Debates on common assets and relations
- 3. Unfriendly geopolitical actions
- 4. East vs West coalitions and enemy images
- 5. Loss of face in gas wars
- 6. Strategies of threat in trade war and identity politics
- 7. Limited destructive blows in power grabs
- 8. Fragmentation of the enemy in Donbas war
- 9. Together into the abyss in full-scale war of attrition

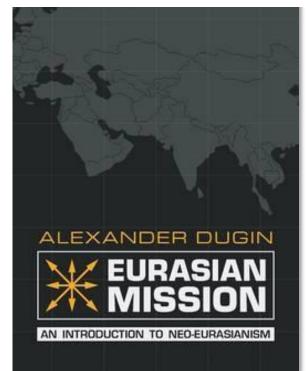
* Prepared by Yurii Sheliazhenko, based on Friedrich Glasl's model of conflict escalation: part of unpublished research paper.

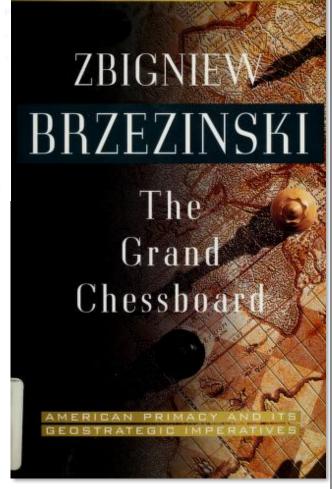
9

Causes of escalation

- Overarching East-West antagonism driven by rival ideologies of Atlanticism and Eurasianism
- Violent nationalism in Russia and Ukraine, absence of genuine culture of peace and massive peace movements
- Militarization of economic and political systems, culture of violence
- Military patriotic upbringing, conscription, propaganda of war
- Incentives for elites and militaryindustrial complex (glory, profits)
- Subordination of soft powers to hard powers; nuclear brinkmanship







Ways to deescalation

- Development of worldwide peace movement able to pressure for peace and culture of peace generating structural changes in social systems
- Pragmatic cooperation, e.g. Black Sea Grain Initiative, emergence of economic, political, academic and cultural bridge-builders, peacemakers
- Multi-track diplomacy, including efforts of third party states, international organizations and civil societies
- Expert cooperation, joint peace research, peace education programs
- Ceasefire and peace talks





Passive and active resistance to war

- Rare protests against the war in Russia and in Ukraine were dismissed by governments as the enemy's provocations
- Both sides weaponized nonviolent action for increasing loyalty and using civilians as human shield in urban warfare; on Russian side, women and children were mobilized in support of troops occupying Crimea, for "referendums" etc.; on Ukrainian side protests were mobilized against Russian invasion, in support of Ukrainian army; a campaign of threats to defectors and collaborators was presented as "nonviolent resistance"
- Due to lack of civic education and knowledge of civics, people resort to passive protest; e.g. males in Russia-backed separatist "republics" of Donetsk and Luhansk are sitting home to avoid compulsory mobilization and hunting for recruits at the streets
- Mimicry is usual form of passive resistance: people pretend to be aggressive patriots in public, in social networks, in interviews and polls, but they are not willing to "die for Fatherland"; such a Ukrainian patriot could surprise friends finding a way to go abroad to avoid mobilization and fight for "victory or death" as he called on friends
- ▶ 21,7% of Ukrainians were willing to resist nonviolently, 15% distrusted Armed Forces of Ukraine on the eve of Russian invasion; no system of unarmed war resistance was created, all efforts were put to total mobilization of population to armed forces
- According to recent poll, 80% of respondents are participating in defense of Ukraine, but mostly by material and moral support, only 6% of respondents took up arms

The New York Times

Ukraine's Draft Dodgers Face Guilt, Shame and Reproach











Student protests against the travel ban

- More than 1700 students of European universities are prohibited from leaving Ukraine
- Student protests at Shehyni border checkpoint are continuing more than a week
- One of students was beaten by the border guard officers
- A petition calling to allow students to travel abroad gathered more than 21 000 signatures





Conscientious objection before Russian invasion

- Discrimination in legal recognition, restricted to privileged confessions, secular objectors is not allowed (tens times more potentially could be eligible, if not discriminated)
- Alternative service: hardly accessible (lack of fair procedure), punitive (1.5 times longer than military service)
- In 2021, there were 1659 conscientious objectors conducting alternative service
- Unwilling of Ukraine to comply with recommendations of UN Human Rights Committee
- Illegal conscription at territories occupied by Russia; objection isn't recognized in separatist DPR/LPR

1.2.46 UKRAINE

	Conscription:	Yes	Reintroduced in 2014 (earlier suspended in 2012). Plans of gradual reduction and abolition of conscription by 2024 were announced despite strengthening enforcement of conscription, expansion of mandatory military training and service with no provisions for conscientious objectors.			
Conscientious objection:		1991	First recognised in the Law of Ukraine "On Alternative (Non-Military) Service" Nº 1975-XII of 12 December 1991.			
Service	Military:	18	12 months for holders of master's degree.			
	Civilian:	27	18 months for holders of master's degree.			
Minimum	Conscription:	18	Compulsory in the age of 18-26.			
AGE	Voluntary enlistment:	17	Under 18 for military schools: 17 for cadets			
More i	https://ebco-beoc.org/ukraine_including the reply of the Ministry of Defence to the Questionnaire about EBCO's Annual Report 2021 (e-mail on 12/01/2022) and the reply of the Secretariat of the Ukrainian Parliament Commissioner for Human Rights to the Questionnaire about EBCO's Annual Report 2021 (e-mail on 27/01/2022).					

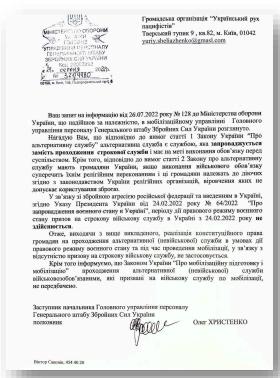
Conscription in Ukraine

Year	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021
Number of conscripts	33132	30523	27595	33150	33952	30030	27821

Source: EBCO annual report "Conscientious Objection to Military Service in Europe 2021"

Conscientious objection during martial law

- According to the Ministry of Defense of Ukraine, replacement of military service by mobilization with alternative nonmilitary service is not allowed
- Ukraine derogated from Art. 9 of ECHR but not from Art. 18 of ICCPR which, according to HRC, demands to respect the right to conscientious objection even in time of public emergency, such as war
- Alternative service started before 24.2.22 continuing; new applications suspended
- Refusals to serve are punishable by 3-5 years of prison (Art. 336 of the Criminal Code of Ukraine)



Letter of the Ministry of Defense of Ukraine of 21.08. 2022: "implementation of the constitutional right of citizens to undergo alternative (non-military) service under the conditions of the legal regime of martial law and during mobilization, due to the absence of conscription for term-limited military service, is not applicable"

Article of Criminal Code of Ukraine (character of crime)	Number of criminal investigations in January- July 2022	Number of criminal investigations in January- July 2021		
Article 335. Evasion from conscription for military service, military service by conscription of officers	45	279		
Article 336. Evasion from conscription during mobilization, in a special period, military service by conscription of reservists in a special period	659 (official); 1500 (sources of journalists in police)*	2		
Article 337. Evasion from military registration or special (training) session	11	51		
Article 407. Unauthorised leaving of a military unit or place of service	1813	1138		
Article 408. Desertion Article 409. Evasion of military service by means of self-mutilation or otherwise	1551 115	15		
Article 332. Illegal trafficking of persons across the state border of Ukraine	637	176		
	Article 335. Evasion from conscription for military service, military service by conscription of officers Article 336. Evasion from conscription during mobilization, in a special period, military service by conscription of reservice by conscription of reservice by conscription of reservists in a special period Article 337. Evasion from military registration or special (training) session Article 407. Unauthorised leaving of a military unit or place of service Article 408. Desertion Article 409. Evasion of military service by means of self-mutilation or otherwise Article 332. Illegal trafficking of persons across the state	Ukraine (character of criminal investigations in January-July 2022 Article 335. Evasion from conscription for military service by conscription of officers Article 336. Evasion from conscription during mobilization, in a special period, military service by conscription of reservists in a special period Article 337. Evasion from military registration or special (training) session Article 407. Unauthorised leaving of a military unit or place of service Article 408. Desertion Article 409. Evasion of military service by means of self-mutilation or otherwise Article 332. Illegal trafficking of persons across the state		

Registered criminal investigations related to evasion of military service or illegal trafficking across the border (sources: General Prosecutor's website; * Vesti)

Human rights violations under martial law

- At least in four cases courts sentenced conscientious objectors for evasion from military service by mobilization
- ▶ Travel ban for all men in age 18-60; to travel abroad or change place of residence, permission of military authorities is required; this policy is not compliant with human rights law; petitions against it were rejected
- Discrimination of educated professional women, e.g. medics and engineers (unlike housewives, their military registration is required)
- Repressions for antiwar views
- Despite restrictions, Ukrainian objectors seek for ways to leave the country and obtain sanctuary; 8000 men were stopped by the border guard.

Wir nicht

VON JANA SIMON

Ein junger Russe, der vor dem Dienst an der Waffe flieht. Ein junger Ukrainer, der seine Heimat nicht verteidigen will. Über Moral und Gewissen in Zeiten des Krieges



Ilja Owtscharenko, 36 Jahre alt, kommt aus der ukrainischen Großstadt Krywyj Rih und lebt

Tasks of peace movement

- ✓ Uphold human right to refuse to kill! Claim legal right to conscientious objection to military service according to international human rights standards. Help to advocate/defend right to refuse to kill.
- Stop the war! Advocate immediate ceasefire, comprehensive good-faith peace talks, and worldwide transition towards nonviolent society.
- ✓ Build peace! Help civilians to survive remaining civilians. Tell the truth, give hope, help the needy, study and teach nonviolence. Strengthen solidarity of peace-loving people and peace movement.



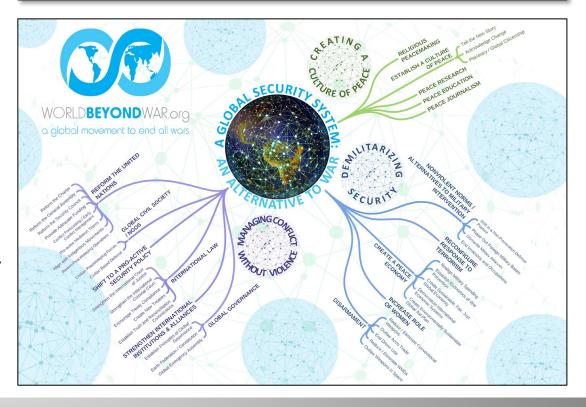


How to help genuine resistance to war (not to "the enemy") in Ukraine?

- ▶ Tell truth to the power: war and arms race is a problem, not a solution; demonic existential enemy is fiction and total victory is not achievable; way to peace is through diplomacy, ceasefire, comprehensive inclusive peace process, global and regional reconciliation between East and West, Russia and Ukraine.
- Invest in peace culture: develop peace education and research, peace journalism, peace economy and politics everywhere, create infrastructure of nonviolent governance and unarmed civilian protection.
- Help the needy: victims of war, traumatized, displaced, deprived of means for living; refugees, conscientious objectors and deserters from Russia, Belarus and Ukraine



Ukrainian Pacifists: War is a crime against humanity



International campaigns, networks and cooperation options for Science4Peace

- #ObjectWar campaign, petition "Russia, Belarus, Ukraine: Protection and asylum for deserters and conscientious objectors to military service" at YouMove Europe (Connection, WRI, EBCO, IFOR)
- Networks of the peace movement which succeeded in preventing nuclear war in 20th century: International Peace Bureau, War Resisters' International, Pugwash movement; new networks: World BEYOND War, Peace in Ukraine coalition
- Academic collaboration on peace research and education; UN SDG solutions network; experts calling for peace: Friedrich Glasl, Jeffrey Sachs, Anatol Lieven, John Mearsheimer etc.
- Ideas: academic appeal for peace seeking support across European universities; creation of Pugwash group in Ukraine to balance hawkish position of many scholars and national academy of sciences; hosting of the Science4Peace petition by the WBW



#OBJECT WAR CAMPAIGN

Solidarity with conscientious objectors and deserters from Russia, Belarus and Ukraine

#ОткажиВойне #ВідмовВійні





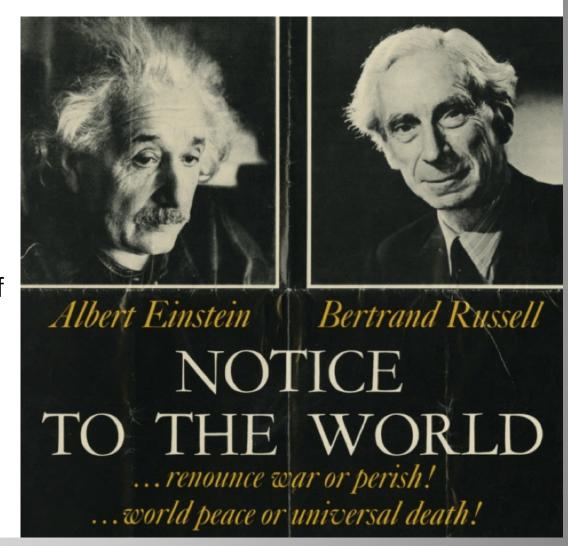


Pugwash Conferences on Science and World Affairs



So, what scientists could do to put an end to all nonsensical wars?

- ► As citizens: join peace movement
- As researchers: understand the war, its causes and ways to peace
- As educators: teach peace
- As experts: warn about consequences of militarist stupidity and help to make decisions ceasing violence
- ► As visioners: imagine and build practical models of the world without wars
- ▶ As leaders: pioneer in organization of knowledge-based nonviolent society



Further Reading

- The Russell-Einstein Manifesto https://pugwash.org/1955/07/09/statement-manifesto/
- Peace Agenda for Ukraine and the World https://www.ipb.org/yesterdays-news/peace-agenda-for-ukraine-and-the-world/
- Aggression against Ukraine: resolution adopted by the UN General Assembly https://digitallibrary.un.org/record/3965290?ln=en
- ▶ United Nations Charter, Chapter VI: Pacific Settlement of Disputes https://www.un.org/en/about-us/un-charter/chapter-6
- ▶ The right to peace: past, present and future https://digitallibrary.un.org/record/1645438?ln=en
- **Declaration on a Culture of Peace** http://www.un-documents.net/a53r243a.htm
- Russia, Belarus, Ukraine: Protection and asylum for deserters and conscientious objectors to military service https://you.wemove.eu/campaigns/russia-belarus-ukraine-protection-and-asylum-for-deserters-and-conscientious-objectors-to-military-service
- OHCHR and conscientious objection to military service https://www.ohchr.org/en/conscientious-objection
- Ukrainian Pacifist Movement's summary and recommendations on human right to conscientious objection to military service https://www.ohchr.org/sites/default/files/documents/issues/2022-07-12/ukrainian-pacifist-movement-HRC50.pdf
- ▶ The Peace Movement and the Ukraine War: Where to Now? https://www.tandfonline.com/doi/full/10.1080/25751654.2022.2060634
- A Global Security System: Alternative to War https://worldbeyondwar.org/alternative/
- Common Security Report 2022 https://commonsecurity.org/common-security-2022-report/
- Six months after Russian invasion, a bloody stalemate, a struggle for peace https://responsiblestatecraft.org/2022/08/25/six-months-after-russian-invasion-a-bloody-stalemate-a-struggle-for-peace/
- ▶ Ukraine: Stop the Carnage, Build the Peace! https://justworldeducational.org/wp-content/uploads/2022/04/Ukraine-report-for-JWE-site-smaller-f-s.pdf
- War is a crime against humanity: the story of War Resisters' International https://www.idk-info.net/app/download/5800038056/wri+history.pdf
- ▶ 100 years of peacemaking. A history of the IPB and other international peace movement organisations and networks https://www.ipb.org/wp-content/uploads/2017/02/100-Years-of-Peacemaking-46pp.pdf
- ▶ Ending the War of Attrition in Ukraine https://www.project-syndicate.org/commentary/only-negotiation-can-end-ukraine-war-of-attrition-by-jeffrey-d-sachs-2022-05
- National Security Has Nothing To Do With Nuclear Weapons https://worldbeyondwar.org/national-security-has-nothing-to-do-with-nuclear-weapons/
- **Ukrainian Pacifists: War is a crime against humanity** https://wri-irg.org/en/story/2022/ukrainian-pacifists-war-crime-against-humanity
- ▶ Ukrainian Pacifist Movement's Facebook page https://www.facebook.com/peaceukraine/